matus 12-striatus, Müll., in rotten wood at a depth of three to four feet below the surface of the ground. Mr. Matthews had no doubt but that the Belyta was parasitic on Anommatus.

Mr. A. S. Olliff remarked that he had recently captured a specimen of Anommatus 12-striatus in rotten wood at Whetstone, Middlesex.

Mr. C. O. Waterhouse exhibited a peculiar May-fly said to be luminous, captured by Mr. G. Lewis at Kitugalle, Ceylon, 1500 ft. above the level of the sea.

The Rev. A. E. Eaton said the specimen was a male Teloganodes, and was the first male imago of the genus he had seen. There were sub-imagos of the genus Teloganodes (type Cloë tristis, Hag.), both in the British Museum and in Dr. Hagen’s collection. Mr. Eaton called attention to the fact that Dr. Hagen had already recorded an instance of luminosity in a male Cenis, as observed by Prof. Zaddach at Neuhausen, near Pillau (Trans. Ent. Soc. Lond. 1873, p. 390).

Mr. G. Lewis remarked of the specimen that when living the whole abdomen was luminous, but not brightly so, sufficiently, however, to serve for its capture on a very dark night.

Papers read.

Lord Walsingham communicated a memoir on “North American Coleophora.” It was almost entirely descriptive of new species of the genus collected by the author in California and Oregon. The occurrence near Washington of two European species new to the United States, viz., C. caspitiella, Zell., and C. currucipennella, Zell., was also recorded.

Mr. W. H. Miskin communicated a short paper on “Ogyris Genoveva, Hewitson, and its life-history.” The larva and pupa were described by Mr. Barnard, of Coomooboolaroo; the former feeds on a species of Loranthus, and is nocturnal in its habits.

The Secretary read a paper by Mr. John Scott, entitled “On certain genera and species of the group of Psyllidae in the collection of the British Museum,” in which many Walkerian species were redescribed and several new genera characterised; also a second memoir containing the “Descriptions of a new genus and two new species of Psyllidae from South America,” which had been received from Dr. C. Berg, of Buenos Ayres, with specimens of the galls which they produced.

New Part of Transactions.

Part II. of the ‘Transactions’ for 1882 was on the table.