NEW STATE RECORDS OF THE MAYFLY LEPTOPHLEBIA BRADLEYI NEEDHAM¹

Brad C. Henry, Jr., 2 Boris C. Kondratieff³

ABSTRACT: Leptophlebia bradleyi Needham is newly recorded from New York, Oklahoma, Texas, and Virginia. This species was previously known from only Alabama, Florida, Georgia, and Louisiana.

The original description of Leptophlebia bradleyi was based on male imagoes collected in the Okefenokee Swamp, Georgia (Needham, 1932). Traver (1935) transferred L. bradleyi to the genus Paraleptophlebia. Berner (1950) discussed this species and noted its uncertain generic placement. Berner (1975) reasssigned bradleyi to Leptophlebia based on adult and nymphal characters and described the nymph and female imago. Edmunds et al. (1976) retained bradleyi in Paraleptophlebia but noted Berner's (1975) transfer. Berner (1975) summarized the characters for separating I. bradleyi from Paraleptophlebia.

The previous known range of *L. bradleyi* was the southeastern states of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, and Louisiana (Needham, 1932; Berner, 1977). Recently we examined field-collected, and reared imagos of this species from Long Island, New York, south central Oklahoma, central Texas, and Virginia. These records represent significant extensions of the known range of *L. bradleyi* far to the northeast and west. Kondratieff and Voshell (1981) briefly discussed *L. bradleyi* in Virginia.

Material Examined:

New York: Suffolk Co., Manorville, 12 April 1979, Darlene Massey, 5 σ . Oklahoma: Murray Co., Honey Cr. and I-35, 13 March 1981, B.C. Henry, 4 σ .

Texas: Irion Co., W. Rocky Cr. at FM 853, 23 Jan. 1981, 55; 17 Dec. 1980, 5 (reared); 18 Dec. 1980, 1 of (reared); 23 Jan. 1981, 5 of, B.C. Henry. Travis Co., Barton Cr. at Bee Cave, 23 Dec. 1980, 1 of (reared), 49 (2 reared), B.C. Henry.

Tom Green Co, Dov. Cr. on Tweedy Ranch 2 mi SW Knickerbocker, 19 Feb. 1981, 3 σ , B.C. Henry. S. Concho R. at Christoval, 23 Dec. 1980, 11 σ , Lynn McCutchen.

Virginia: Hanover Co., South Anna River overflow marsh, Co. Rt. 657, 21 March 1978, B.C. Kondratieff, 3σ.

¹Received October 19, 1981

²Department of Biology, Angelo State Univ., San Angelo, Texas 76909. Present address: Department of Biology, Texas A & M Univ., College Sta., TX 77843

³Department of Entomology, Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State Univ., Blacksburg, VA 24061

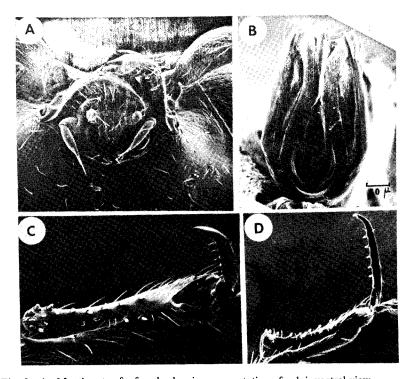


Fig. 3. A. Mouthparts of a female showing segmentation of palpi, ventral view.
B. Male genitalia, dorsal view, showing curved dorsal processes and aedeagus.
C. Female chela showing 5th tarsal segment with 14 enlarged setae.

D. Female chela showing claw with a subapical tooth and 5 enlarged setae.

LITERATURE CITED

Freytag, P.H. 1977. A Review of the Genus *Neogonatopus* for North America (Hymenoptera: Dryinidae). Ann. Entomol. Soc. Am. 70(4): 569-476.

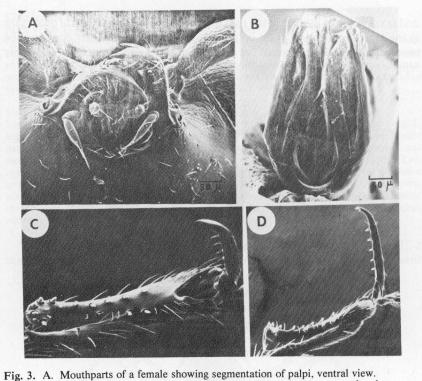
Krombein, K.V. 1979. Dryinidae. pp. 1240-1241. In Krombein et al., eds. Catalog of Hymenoptera in America North of Mexico, Vol. 2. Smithsonian Inst. Press.

Olmi, Massimo and Italo Currado. 1979. Revisione del genera Haplogonatopus R.C.L. Perkins (Hymenoptera: Dryinidae). Ann. Fac. Sci. Agr. Univ. Torino 11: 37-44.

Perkins, R.C.L. 1905. Leafhoppers and their natural enemies (Part I Dryinidae). Hawan Sugar Planter's Assoc., Div. Entomol. Bull. 1(1): 1-69.

Raatikainen, Mikko. 1961. Dicondylus helleni sp. n. (Hym., Dryinidae), a parasite of Calligypona sordidula (Stal) and C. excisa (Mel.). Ann. Entomol. Fenn. 27(3): 126-137.

Richards, O.W. 1939. The British Bethylidae (S.L.) (Hymenoptera). Trans. Royal Entomol. Soc. London. 89(8): 185-344.



B. Male genitalia, dorsal view, showing curved dorsal processes and aedeagus.

C. Female chela showing 5th tarsal segment with 14 enlarged setae.

D. Female chela showing claw with a subapical tooth and 5 enlarged setae.