Kangella nom. nov. (Ephemeroptera, Ephemerellidae), Replacement Name pro Eburella Kang & Yang, 1995 nec Monné & Martins, 1973 (Coleoptera, Cerambycidae)

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Abstract

Eburella Kang & Yang is a preoccupied name and considered unavailable. Kangella nom. nov is proposed as a replacement name.

Keywords: Systematics, Ephemeroptera, Coleoptera, homonymy, new name, Eburella, Kangella.

Introduction

Kang & Yang (1995) described from Taiwan several new species as well as a new monotypic genus of Ephemeroptera: Ephemerellidae. Eburella brocha Kang & Yang was established for a peculiar species that possesses several autapomorphies such as a trapezoidal labrum and mandibles with greatly elongated incisors (Kang & Yang, 1995: Fig. 5). This character was used to derive the generic name (from the Latin ebur meaning ivory). The genus belongs to the subfamily Ephemerellinae according to McCafferty & Wang (2000).

Unfortunately, the generic name Eburella is preoccupied. Eburella Monné & Martins (1973) was established for a new species of Cerambycidae (Coleoptera) from Brazil (Eburella punicosa Monné & Martins). The genus Eburella Monné & Martins encompasses now three species, all from South America. In addition to the type species, E. pinima Martins, 1997 and E. longicollis Martins & Galileo, 1999 were recently described from Bolivia (Martins, 1977; Martins & Galileo, 1999).

Eburella Kang & Yang, 1995 is therefore a junior homonym of Eburella Monné & Martins, 1973. As the rejected junior homonym has no known available and
potentially valid synonym, it must be replaced by a substitute name (ICZN, 4th ed., 1999, Art. 60.3)

Genus **Kangella** Sartori, nom. nov.


**Etymology**

Derived from the name of the first author of the original description, followed by the suffix -ella, commonly used in the family. Gender feminine.

**Species included**

*Kangella brocha* (Kang & Yang, 1995), comb. nov.

**Distribution**

The genus is only known from Taiwan.

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**References**


