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## NOTES ON GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION

Insecta, Ephemeroptera, Leptophlebiidae, *Tricorythopsis yacutinga*: the first record to Brazil.

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Tricorythopsis yacutinga was recently described by Molineri (2001) from Misiones and Corrientes provinces, Argentina. The genus Tricorythopsis (Ephemeroptera: Ephemerelloidea) was described by Traver (1958) based on male imagines of the type-species, T. artigas, from Uruguay; it is only known from South American. The nymphs of T. yacutinga are usually confused with those of Tricorythodes santarita, due resemblance in morphological aspect and similar distribution. However, T. yacutinga has a transversal line on the operculate gill, diagnostic of the genus Tricorythopsis lacking in Tricorythodes (Molineri 2001).

In Brazil, the genus *Tricorythopsis* comprises eight species, known only from the Southern and Southeastern regions, with four species in each (Dias and Salles 2005). We recorded nymphs of *T. yacutinga* in southern Brazil, extending its distribution from Argentina until the central region of Rio Grande do Sul state, Brazil.

We found seven nymphs of *T. yacutinga* in the Carijinho river (29°21'17" S 53°09'13" W), 111 m of altitude, located at Arroio do Tigre municipality. The nymphs were collected between

October 2001 and March 2002 in riffles. This stream is 4<sup>th</sup> order (Strahler 1957), with some vegetation cover and little anthropic influence. This species is associated with regions of temperate and subtropical climate.

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