A NEW NAME FOR A GENERIC HOMONYM OF A PARASITE IN EPHEMEROPTERA (PROTOZOA)¹

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Arvy and Delage (1966. Ann. Parasitol. 41:213) proposed the generic name *Spirinella* for the protozoan species *adipophila* which parasitizes tissue of the mayfly *Ephemera vulgata* in France. Dr. Horace W. Stunkard (in letter) kindly called to the attention of the senior author the fact that Johnston (1941. Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales 66:160) has used the name *Spirinella* to designate a genus of Silurian brachiopods.

Therefore, we propose *Spiriopsis*, NEW NAME for *Spirinella* (Protozoa) Arvy and Delage, 1966, NOT *Spirinella* (Brachiopoda: Spiriferidae) Johnston, 1941. The name *Spiriopsis* is formed by the components *spira*, from the Greek $\sigma\pi\epsilon\iota\rho\eta$, meaning coil, and $-o\pi\sigma\iota\zeta$, from Greek, meaning like.

Original material of *Spiriopsis adipophila* (Arvy and Delage) was collected from the following locality: France, Manaurie stream, on the right side of the Vézère River, from the stream's origin to its mouth at the Vézère River, near Les Eyzies-de-Tayac, 29 May 1965, Arvy and Delage. The original material in section and subsequent material from other localities in the Eyzies region are in the collections of the senior author.

Spiriopsis adipophila is generally free in the blood or in the ovaries between the ovocytes; but, on sections, it appears entangled in the adipose tissue or in a velum of leucocytes.

All specimens are very similar in form and size. The mean sizes are: for the discs, $72\mu \times 62\mu$; for the subapical chamber, $15\mu \times 7.5\mu$; for the organism, $9\mu \times 3\mu$; and for the uncoiled disk, the ribbon, $1000\mu \times 12\mu$.

Descriptors: Protozoa; Ephemeroptera; Spirinella; Spiriopsis.

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